Walpole met her in Bulgaria. He made her an offer of marriage, and then betrayed ner. He afterwards discarded her, and now repudiates the paternity of her child.

Milan Joins a Triple Alliance. LONDON, Nov. 29 .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily News says: "It is asserted) in Pan-Slavist quarters that positive proofs have been obtained that King Milan has tormally joined the triple alliance, and that a secret treaty which he has signed will be published shortly. It is hoped that this will proroke a revolution in Servia."

Riotous Strikers in Belgium. BRUSSELS, Nov. 28 .- In the mining districts

of Belgium, where strikes are in progress, bands of armed strikers are making demonstrations and the mine-owners fear that their property will be destroyed. There have also been numerous socialistic displays. The troops in the Charleroi district have been reinforced. Political Progress in Spain.

MADRID, Nov. 28.—Prime Minister Sagasta has informed his supporters that he will introcice a universal suffrage bill immediately. Senor Canovas del Castillo has called a meeting of Conservatives to concert strong opposition to the measure.

Eleven Killed and Many Injured. ST. Petersburg, Nov. 28.-A boiler explosion occurred at Kineshma, central Russia, to-day, by which eleven persons were instantly killed and 175 more or less seriously injured.

Foreign Notes.

Mr. John Bright has rallied considerably. Henry George will remain in England until

It is reported that another great lead has been decided upon by the Russian government. Baron Hirsch has made a donation of \$5,000,-000 for schools for Jews in Galicia and Bukovina. A Zanzibar dispatch says the German men-

of-war Leipsig and Sophie have proceeded to Bagamoyo, on account of a report that fighting has broken out there. The report from Whitby, England, that a life-boat had been upset and its crew of twelve

men drowned proves to be untrue. The boat reached the shore in safety. One of the crew, however, was drowned. During Emperor William's late hunting trip at Letzlingen his party bagged in one day 630 pieces of game. Most of them were pheasants

and hares, but the bag also included a dozen stags and other big game. The effort of the tenants on the Marquis of Coningham's estate, at Gleuties, to carry out the Plan of Campaign, has failed, and they have accepted a reduction of five shillings. Their de-

mand was for a reduction of eight shillings. The Inman-line steamer City of New York. which arrived at Queenstown yesterday from New York, met the American waaler W. Martin, on Thursday last. The whaler's crew were starving and asked for provisions. A supply was given them.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Ellen Ewing Sherman, Wife of America's Distinguished Military Hero.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28 .- Mrs. Gen. Wm. T. Sherman died at 10 o'clock this morning at her residence, No. 75 West Seventy-first street. Mrs. Sherman slept quiely during short periods last night, but at 8 o'clock it became exident that she could live but a few hours. General Sherman was notified and he and his children who live at home, Rachael, Lizzie and Tecumseh, were at the bedside when Mrs. Sherman breathed her last.

For nearly five years Mrs. Sherman had been a sufferer from heart trouble and about three weeks ago her malady assumed a serious aspect. Dr. C. T. Smith, of the regular army, was called in by the General and through his efforts the trouble was somewhat overcome. But on Sunday Mrs. Sherman partock of something at dinner that did not agree with her and in the evening the serious symptoms of her illness reappeared and she was hurriedly put to bed. On the advice of Dr. Smith, Gen. Sherman called in another physician and during the night he sent for Dr. Pepper, the eminent Philadelphia physicians. Despite all the efforts of the medical men, Mrs. Sherman continued to grow worse, apparently sinking steadily, and, at 7 o'clock last evening, her condition became so alarming that General Sherman was advised to telegraph to all his children to come to New York at once. Dispatches were accordingly sent. Dr. Pepper had returned to Philadelphia on Monday evening, and Dr. Smith, feeling that some one ought to be on hand constantly for an emergency, arranged to live in the house, and was given possession of General Sherman's room, which adjoins Mrs. Sherman's, on the second floor, the General moving to his office in the basement. In this way the night was passed, Lizzie. Rachel and Tecumseh, the three children who live at home, watching by their mother's bedside, and assisted in waiting on her by two professional nurses. At I o'clock this morning the General was advised that there was no immediate danger of Mrs. Sherman's passing away, but her condition was so low that she could hardly live more than forty-eight hours, unless a change occurred within a short time for the better. She slept, but rested very unessily until a short time before she expired General Sherman and his wife have been married thirty-eight years, and grew up as children together in Lancaster, O., where Mrs. Sherman was born sixty-four years ago. Her father was the celebrated Thomas Ewing, Senator, Representative and Cabinet officer. Her mother was a Miss Boyle, and it is from her that Mrs. Sherman inherited her rigid Catholic faith, for which she has become noted.

The arrangements for the funeral are very simple. Prayers will be offered by a priest of the Catholic Church to-morrow, at 3 P. M., at the residence. The body will then be taken to Jersey City and conveyed in a special car to St. Louis, where, after simple services, it will be interred in the family plot on Saturday morning. Among the members of the family who will accompany the body to its last resting place are General Sherman and the two daughters, Lizzie and Rachel, Thomas Ewing Sherman, the son who is studying for the priesthood, and a married daughter, Mrs. Ellen Thackers. At Pittsburg, Mrs. Fitch, an-

other daughter, will join the party.

Sympathy for General Sherman. CHICAGO, Nov. 28 .- At a meeting of the prominent members of the Grand Army of the Republic, this afternoon, it was ordered that the following telegram of sympathy with General Sherman, in his bereavement, be sent to him:

CHIGAGO, Nov. 28, 1888. Gen. W. T. Sherman, New York: The undersigned, whose chief pride in life is that they were of the band you were so distinguished a leader of, beg leave, in the hour of your supreme agony, to tender an expression of our most intense sympathy. May the God who shielded and preserved

you in the seething flame of battle, afford you the consolation which mortal power cannot. The foregoing was signed by William Warner, commander-in-chief, G. A. R.; Eugene F. Wiegel, adjutant-general, G. A. R.; James A. Sexton, department commander of Illinois; A. D. Reade, A. A. G., commander of Illinois; J. W. Burst, past commander department of Illinois; James Tanner, past department commander of Illinois; Robert Wilson, chief aid; O. F. Avery, C. of A., department of Illinois; Charles

E. Sinclair, A. D. C. Samuel Favorite.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LAFAYETTE, Nov. 28 .- Samuel Favorite, one of the oldest and best-known residents of Tippecanoe county, died this afternoon, aged eightyfour years. Mr. Favorite was for fifty-two years an elder and honored member of the Presbyterian Church. He was the father of Colonel Favorite, the well-known Chicago live-stock man with Phil Armour & Co.

Tellow Fever.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 28.-There were three new cases to-day, all white, no deaths. Total cases to date, 4,680; deaths, 408. There is much indignation because the board of health have not issued permission for refugees to return. Frost is generally regarded as a sign that danger has passed, but the board insist this time on waiting for the disinfection of houses. The dissatisfaction is increased by the arbitrary action of the authorities in arresting and locking up Hazen, a returned refugee, while they take no action in the cases of two others who have come in. Some citizens declare that they will protect from arrest any refugees who choose to return, regardless of the board of health.

The Lockout Beats the Boycott. New York, Nov. 28 .- The anticipated lockout of the employes of the ale and porter brewers has, it is said, been avoided. The association of the bosses this evening announce that all of shafts stand up obliquely by the piers. At the their employes have pledged themselves not to bottom of the shafts an endless belt runs from contribute to any organization engaged in a out of 744 men had quit work.

WAYS OF THE ANARCHISTS

Testimony of Police Officers Against Hronek, the Alleged Dynamiter.

The Accused Takes the Stand in His Own Defense and Vigorously Denies Everything That Has Been Charged to Him.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28 .- The Criminal Court room was crowded this morning, when the Hronek dynamite trial was resumed. Hron.k had changed a good deal in his appearance since yesterday morning. He looked worried and shifted about nervously in his sent, and eagerly listened to every word of the testimony. The first witness was officer Muchaski, one of Inspector Bonfield's Bohamian detectives. He gave the jury the details of a confession made by Hronek after his arrest. After the conspirators had been locked up in the jail Muchaski visited Hronek in his cell. Hronek had a copy of the Daily News in his hand. "I have just been reading here." he said, "that some of the people who were arrested with me are giving things away and putting all the blame on me. Now I am going to tell the whole truth." Muchaski then arranged a meeting between Hronek, Inspector Bonfield and a stenographer in the library of the jail. The officer continued his testimony as follows:

"Hronek first said that many of the bombs found in Linng's possession were made by Schneider. Schneider also made the bombs which he [Hronek] had. "Where did you get the dynamite in your house, he was asked.

"'From a man named Karafial.' "How much dynamite did you have in the house?

"I don't know how much the officers found." "We told him that was not what we wanted to know, and he replied that he supposed that he had about 120 sticks of it. His wife knew where it was, and he desired to see her. This he was allowed to do the following day, in the rotunda of the jail. He said that he might have had some bombs, but he did not know how many." The witness said he gave Chleboun eight

bombs, and then he proceeded to tell the story of the trip to Riverside and to Aldine square. The next day Muchaski met officers Haas and Nordrum at Mrs. Hronek's house, and with her went to Halstead street and took a car to Eighteenth street. They then walked west to Center avenue, and Mrs. Hronek asked that the officers stay behind, as if the friend saw them he would not give up the dynamite. She went down stairs in the basement on the southwest corner, which was occupied by Rudolph Sevic, a gun-maker. In about ten minutes she returned, bearing a heavy backet covered with flour. The basket contained thirty-four sticks of dynamite and eight bombs, all of which were sprinkled with the flour. At her house she was asked where the bombs were kept, and she pointed to a flour barrel in a closet off her bed-

The cross-examination brought out the statement that Hronek had said at the interview in jail that he had thrown some of the bombs into the river. He had also said that there was considerable indignation about the execution of Spies and his companions, and he wanted to avenge their deaths. Hronek said that it was his intention to harm Bonfield and Judges Gary and Grinnell, but he refused to say how. He said, however, that he did not want to bring any one else into the affair, but would undertake the job alone if the others would pay him

Officer Louis Haas corroborated his brother officer's testimony about Mrs. Hronek getting the dynamite at Sevic's house, whither she had taken it for safety after Hronek's arrest.

Officer Shainer testified that on July 22, in the State attorney's office, in an additional statement, Hronek said that Capek told him that the German Anarchists wanted to start a fire in the city to avenge the death of Spies. Capek had also given him some bombs, because, as Capek said, he was too well known to use them. The fact was brought out at this point that Hronek's statements, though reduced to writing, were not signed, and were therefore valuless as evidence. Hence the oral testimony as to their purport.

Martin Lipschitz, the analytical chemist of the Ætna Powder Company, testified that the dynamite in the bombs found with the Anarchists was of a more powerful kind than that used by his company. Police Inspector Bonfield was then called and

gave testimony as to his own personality, and the personalities of Judges Grinnell and Gary, against whose lives the plot was laid. He also told of the first information which he received of the plot from ex-Justice Fisher, to whom Chleboun had confided, and the subsequent arrest of the conspirators. In Hronek's house the witness found a dirk-knife six inches long in a leathern case, a large revolver and a stick of dynamite. These articles were produced. The Inspector then brought to view a large bakingpowder can, into the top of which was soldered a fulminating cap. The box was tied up with wire. "I found this box, which have not opened," continued the witness, "and under a lot of sawdust I found a quantity of pieces of iron like this." The piece exhibited was a cylinder of three-quarter inch iron, about three inches long, and with an interior diameter of about an inch. The Inspector then described a visit to Chleboun's house, where he found eight sticks of dynamite and a bomb similar to those found in Hroneck's house. "Did you open one of the bombs handed to the officers by Mrs. Hroneck?" was asked.

"Yes. I found the inner cylinder filled with dynamite, and the space between the two was filled with small stones, bits of broken china, small scraps of lead and rusty nails. Here are the contents of one," and the Inspector exhibited a miscellaneous collection of odds and ends to the jury. He then related how he had taken one of the tin and one of the iron bombs out on the prairie, where a shed six square feet and six feet high was knocked into fragments by their explosion. At this point recess was taken. In the afternoon Inspector Bonfield was cross-

examined without result, and the State rested For the defense, Hronek was put on the stand, and said that he was not an Anarchist and never had been. He never belonged to an anarchistic seciety, and did not believe there was such a thing in existence. He then made a general denial of the truth of Chleboun's story. He never made, manufactured, bought, sold or procured any dynamite. He never said that he threw the bomb at the Haymarket, and was not there. He had never been harmed by Bonfield, Gary or Grinnell, and had no reason for seeking revenge on them, nor did he ever threaten to do so. He never was at Capek's house when a liquid was being poured into glass bails or beads, and as he knew nothing of the manufacture of explosives, never instructed Chleboun in the art. On July 4, Capek and Hronek met Chleboun. The latter asked them to go over to Cottage Grove avenue where he had a friend, and they would bathe in the lake. "On the way over," continued Hronek, "he said that he had heard that Grinnell lived in a pretty park, and suggested going to see it. Then I suspected that he was going to sell us out, and when he did not know where it was I went to a saloon at the corner of Thirty-ninth and State streets and asked. We walked around the square and looked at the fountain. I never said anything about revenge." Hronek admitted going to Riverside with Chleboun, Mikalanda and Janauschek, but said that no incendiary talk was indulged in. He never said that he was prepared to kill President Cleveland, or would go in a court-room with bombs. Karafiat, he said, left a box of bombs and dynamite at his house in October, 1886, and never returned for it. He had never heard from Karafiat but once since then, and that was when he received a letter from him, dated at Memphis, last May. Soon after the bombs were left at his house, Hronek said he grew afraid, and threw fifteen of them into the river. As to the second trip to Riverside to test a bomb, Chleboun paid the fare. All would have been thrown away had not Chleboun asked the witness to save them. Hronek was always suspicious that Chleboun was "playing a bad part." The witness said that he never knew Sevic, except by sight, and neither introduced Chleboun to him nor bought any dynamite from him.

On cross examination Hronek said the cans found in the woodshed were put there by an old man who boarded at the house, and who picked them up on the lake front among the refuse. They were designed to hold paint, and for other An adjournment was then taken until Friday

morning. Plan for Utilizing Niagara.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 28 .- A Buffalo man claims to have solved the problem of 'harnessing" the Niagara river, for which Buffalo business men offered a reward of \$100,000. A model of the invention was on exhibition in the | train on the Southern Kansas road was wrecked Board of Trade, to-day, and was closely exam- to-day near Baldwin City. Twenty or thirty med by a large number of people. The plan of the invention is as follows: Two massive piers would be built on each bank of the river. Heavy shaft to shaft across the river, but deep enough boycott, and the association resolves that any | in the water to allow the largest vesman breaking the pledge will be discharged. It sels to pass over it. The belt is taken to Ottawa for treatment. Among the was stated by the secretary that only thirteen made of two strands of two-inch cable most severely injured was R. W. Shorr, a railconnected with cable every five or six feet. Into | road contractor.

the spaces are fitted sheet-iron plates 3x5 feet, pivoted at one end, opening either way, but chained so that they open but a short distance. The full force of the current pressing on these plates forces the belt around at agreat rate, and by ingenious arrangements the current is felt equally both going and coming. The shaft's revolving drives a cable and furnishes power on the banks. The inventor, Mr. Edward Suckrow, figures that 16,000 horse-power can be secured in this way.

A DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

One Farmer Kills Another, Whom, He Claims, Alienated His Wife's Affections.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Nov. 28 .- A domestic tragedy occurred this evening at Spikers, a village four miles north of this city. Elias Jackson shot and fatally wounded Curtis Jellison. Both men are farmers. Jackson was inspired by a belief that Jellison had alienated the affections of Mrs. Jackson, who left her husband, last Saturday, and took up her home with the family of Thomas Edwards in the village. Mrs. Jackson claimed that her husband had abused her shamefully, and that it was impossible to live with him owing to his extreme cruelty and inordinate jealousy. Yesterday she returned to her home, which is located three miles from Spikers, and secured a division of the household goods and other personal effects of the pair, taking her leave for good. Jellison is a widower with three children, and the Edwards family have been doing his washing. This morning Mrs. Edwards requested Mrs. Jackson to go to the Jellison home and do the washing. The request was complied with. Jellison was away from the house all day at work, and, on his return this evening, after dark, he noticed two men dogging his footsteps. He soon recognized them as Jackson and William Glasco, a half-uncle of the latter. After reaching his premises Jellison fired a revolver in air to frighten the intruders, when Glasco sang out, "Give it to him. - him." and instantly Jackson fired, the bullet striking Jellison in the right side, a few mehes to the right of the medial line. Several other shots were fired, but none took effect. Jellison walked a listance of nearly eighty rods after being shot, reaching the house of Chris Spikers, where he was cared for. Mrs. Jackson was in Jellison's house when the shooting occurred, but blew out the lights when she recognized her husband's voice. A few moments later she went to Spikers's home, and remained at the bedside of the dying man, for whom no physician could be secured for several hours. Officers from this city and Coroner Woods hurried to the scene. The coroner took the ante-mortem statement of Jellison, who was suffering terribly, while the officers started on the track of the murderer. Jackson and Glasco were found at Glasco's home, and they made no resistance, being taken into custody without difficulty. Jackson acknowledged the crime, but urged self-defense, claiming that Jellison shot first. When asked why he had followed Jeilison, Jackson replied: "He stole my woman." Jellison cannot live until morning, the heavy ball having penetrated his vitals. Jackson and Glasco were placed in the county jail here at midnight. To your reporter Jackson stated that he had absolute proof of his wife's infidelity, and that he had gone to Jellison's home for the purpose of having the latter arrested if he found

THE RECENT STORM.

Mrs. Jackson there. The woman is about thirty-

five years old, and quite comely in appearance.

Damage at Coney Island and Other Resorts-Wreck of the Allentown Confirmed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The destruction by the storm of property on Coney Island will not be covered by \$200,000. The concourse may said to be a total wreck. The expensive concrete roadway lies in heaps of irregular fragments that show where the waves swallowed up \$75, 000. Kearn's Ocean hotel, which had the addition containing the kitchens swept away by the waves, stands tottering upon a few piles, and even a moderate gale accompanied by a high tide will destroy it utterly. Kearns estimates his loss variously from \$10,000 to \$50. 000, fair weather alone making it possible to keep the loss at the lower figures. The Coney Island Gas Company is out about \$5,000 by the gale through damage to its stables and mains along the concourse. The Marine Railroad officials have as yet done nothing beyond viewing the spot once occupied by their expensive station and breakwater. As not a vestige even of the foundations remain, their loss will probably foot up to \$75,000. Threequarters of the Brighton Beach bathing pavilion was carried away, and the portion that remains is almost sure to go when it blows a hatful of wind. Between Manhattan Beech and Brighton the sea made s clean breach across the beach and has partially opened the old inlet. The Manhattan Beach Hotel was not injured, but four of the large bulkheads that project into the ocean were knocked into worthless heaps of stones and splintered timbers. The beautiful flower-gardens that stretched away to the beach in front of the hotel were washed away and heaps of sand and debris left in their places. A Cohassett, Mass., dispatch says that all doubt concerning the loss of the steamer Allentown is dispelled this morning. A visit to North

Scituate beach shows the shore at that point to be covered with wreckage, consisting of fire buckets, tables, chairs and other furniture, all marked "Alientown." Captain Brown, of the North Scituate life-saving station, has made diligent inspection of the coast in search of bodies from the steamer, but has discovered none as vet. He advanced the opinion that the ship had foundered either on Davis or Southeast ledge, each of which lie about a mile southeast of Minots ledge. An attempt will be made to reach her to morrow morning for information

concerning wrecks. Reports from different parts of Nova Scotia show that the gale of Sunday and Monday was felt all over the province, but so far no reports have been received of serious disasters in that region. The steamer Worcester, which sailed from Boston for Halifax port on Saturday, has not since been heard from. The steamer Vancouver, due there on Sunday with Canadian mails from England, has not yet arrived. The weather continues thick and a heavy sea is running. Rumors are current that the Worcester and Vancouver have gone ashore, but so far as can be learned they are without foundation. The schooner Heloise, coal laden, from Sydney, C. B., for Charlottetown, P. E. I., is ashore at Woods Island in the straits of Northumberland.

but she will probably come off after being light-Convicted of Murdering Her Own Child. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Sarah Jane Whitling, who has been on trial for the past three days on a charge of causing the death of her nine year-old daughter Bertha, by administering poison, in April last, brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree this evening, after being out two hours. The crime for which Mrs. Whitling was tried was one of a series of three with which one is charged, the allegation being that she not only murdered her daughter Bertha, but also her husband, John Whitling, aged thirty-eight, and their baby boy, aged two years, and collected insurances on the lives of her victims amounting in the aggregate to over \$350. The wife and mother subsequently confessed her crimes, and said that she had intended to take her own life after completing her deadly work, with all the other members of the family, but her courage failed her.

White Caps in Northwestern Ohio. Toledo, O., Nov. 28 .- A sensation has been caused in this part of the State by the discovery that the White Caps, who have heretofore confined their ravages to southern and central Ohio and Indiana, have extended their operations into northwestern Ohio. All over the trees near the home of ex-Governor Foster, at Fostoria, was discovered, yesterday, a notice warning all men who are in the habit of getting drunk and abusing their families and failing to properly provide for them that they will, unless they mend their ways, receive a visit from the White Caps. Similar notices were found in other towns in the vicinity.

Passenger Train Thrown from the Track. TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 28 .- The morning express persons were slightly injured and five or six quite seriously. The train was run-ning at a high rate of speed, and struck a broken rail. The cars went down an embankment, and the wreck caught fire from the stoves, but the flames were extinguished before much damage was done. The injured were

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

A Divorce Suit Causes an Imprisoned Wife to Expose Her Husband's Guilt.

An Exploding Shotgun Kills One Man and Seriously Injures Three Others-A Scottish Wife Makes Trouble at Elkhart.

INDIANA.

A Suit for Divorce Brings to Light a Man's

Participation in a Murder. MARION, Nov. 28 .- John Sage, of this place, was arrested last night by Sheriff Jones to answer for a murder committed several years ago, for which his divorced wife is now serving a life sentence at the Reformatory at Indianapolis. Both were arrested soon after the commission of the crime. At the trial Mrs. Sage confessed that she had drowned her three-year-old daughter because the child stood in the way of her marriage with Sage. The woman went to prison for life and the man was exonerated. Recently Sage applied for a divorce on the ground that his wife was serving a life sentence for murder, and the divorce was granted. Since then the imprisoned woman has denounced Sage as a murderer equally guilty with herself, and says that the crime was committed at his solicitation. She was taken recently by the prison officials before the Blackford county grand jury, and an indictment for murder in the first degree was drawn on the strength of her testimony.

Fifty Years in Railroad Service. special to the Indianapolis Journal COLUMBUS, Nov. 28.—It was just fifty years ago to-day that the old Madison railroad, which was the first built in the State, was completed and began business. Among the officers of the road at that time was Col. J. R. Elvin, who, at the age of nearly eighty years, is still actively connected with the road, now called the Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis, in the capacity of an official, with headquarters at Indianapolis. Colonal Elvin stated to your correspondent only a short time ago that of fifty years' continual service he only transferred to Indianapolis a few months ago from Madison. He attends to all the duties of his office, which is that of live-stock agent, with but little assistance, and makes trips over some part of the road or its branches almost

Fatal Work of a Worthless Shotgun. JEFFERSONVILLE, Nov. 28.—Wesley Middleton and his son. Wm. Arnandale and his son. and an unknown cooper, all of Sellersburg, went coon hunting yesterday. They had but one shotgun between them. On treeing the coon the cooper took the gun and shot. It exploded, driving the breech-pin through his eye into the brain, and almost scalping young Middleton. The elder Arnandale was knocked down by the gun-barrel, and his son's face was horribly lacerated. The injured men were compelled to walk seven miles for medical treatment. Young Arnandale will probably die.

Fled Before a Criminal Action.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKHART, Nov. 28.—The Mrs. Turner, who came here recently from Glasgow, Scotland, and claimed John Turner, an old and well-known resident, to be her husband, he having deserted her before he came to this country, has begun criminal action against his Elkhart wife, on the charge of adultery, and the latter, frightened out of her wits, has fled East, pursued by the county sheriff. When the Glasgow woman appeared, Turner abandoned his second wife and property here and fled to Canada.

Received a Deserved Sentence.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Nov. 26.—"Henry Parks got what he deserved." This was the universal opinion here to-day, when it was announced that Parks had been sentenced in the Circuit Court to two years in the Michigan City penitentiary for his dastardly assault on the person of little Lizzie O'Brien. The crime was committed last summer, and Parks has been enjoying his liberty, having been released on \$300 bail. The jury was composed largely of old men, several of whom have daughters.

Portland Happenings.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PORTLAND, Nov. 28,-Young Richter, a boy sixteen years old, working at the wholesale grocery house of W. H. Hood, was fatally injured. to-day, by a hogshead of prunes rolling over him. He will not live through the night. His mother is a widow. Dr. D. S. Kinsey's wife dropped dead to-day.

Heart disease is believed to have been the cause. This city is enjoying the benefits of four new factories, all started in the last thirty days.

A Rumor Denied.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.-Inquiry at the office of Armour & Co. in regard to the truth of a dispatch from Fort Wayne to the effect that the great meat firm is about to establish retail shops there brought out the statement that the rumor was entirely groundless, and that the firm had never established retail shops, except at Dayton, O., where it became necessary to break up a boycott, and as soon as this was done, the retail shops were closed.

Minor Notes.

The government building at New Albany will be ready for occupancy Dec. 1. The Elkhart County Teachers' Association is in session, with an attendance of over one hun-

tent at Fairland, on Tuesday, and it is thought he cannot recover. John Harris, of Cincinnati, took lodging at a hotel in Osgood on Tuesday, and during the

Frank Travis took morphine with suicidal in-

night jumped from a second-story window, seriously injuring himself. Claude, the fourteen-year-old son of Joseph B. Kinder, of Cleveland, Hancock county, fell

down a stairway while visiting an uncle near

Anderson, on Tuesday morning, and broke his George Rottger, an employe of the tight-stave factory at Seymour, met with a serious, if not fatal, accident on Tuesday, a piece of timber

from a planer striking his head and entering the An explosion of powder occurred in the office of Dr. Kell, at Liberty, on Tuesday. The result was a mass of broken medicine bottles.

shattered windows and several serious wounds and burns to the Doctor. A turkey shooting-match was held at Columbus, yesterday, in which several hundred persons participated. A great many very fine shots were made and nearly all present secured

a turkey for Thanksgiving. Mrs. Elizabeth Keller, a Wabash pioneer, died at her home in that city, last evening, of dropsy. She was seventy-seven years old, and came direct to Wabash from Germany. Ex-Councilman Philip Keller is her only son.

The Fort Wayne Medical College is making a fight for the body of James Jemison, the man who choked to death there a few days ago. He had no friends or relatives, but the man who employed him insists on the privilege of burying

James J. Lewis, nearly eighty-four years of age, died at Gessie, on Tuesday, after an illness of eight weeks. He went to Vermillion county more than fifty years ago, and was one of the leading citizens. He was a Methodist and was a prominent man in the affairs of that church. Nov. 22 it was reported from Bluffton that Cyrene Warner, a respected citizen and business man, had left and had overdrawn his bank account \$5,500. The impression prevailed that he left for good, but he has since returned to settle up his indebtedness in full, if possible, and says he had no desire or intention of remaining away permanently.

Mrs. Doran, recently acquitted of the charge of murdering her husband at Columbus, returned to that place on Tuesday. She was immediately ordered to leave the city and stay away, or insanity proceedings would be filed against her, she having been acquitted on that plea. She informed the authorities that she was as eane as they, or the court and jury that tried her. Considerable indignation is felt over

A child mailed a letter at Crawfordsville addressed to Santa Claus, without paying the postage. A man offered to pay the postage if the postmaster would give him the letter, he promising to see to it that the child received a present. The postmaster refused, saying there was no such person as Santa Claus, and therefore it would have to be forwarded to the Dead Letter Office. So it is very probable that Santa Claus will pover be able to reward some inno- | The stone and bat were taken to the newspaper | atay.

cent child, whose disappointment will be great about Christmas morn.

ILLINOIS.

A Great Drainage Work Controlled for the First Time by Republicans. epecial to the Indianapolis Journal.

MONTICELLO. Nov. 28 .- In the contest for commissioner of the celebrated Lake Park drainage district, J. A. Bently, Republican, was elected. This is the first time the board of commissioners has been controlled by the Republicans. The great work has cost the counties of Piatt, Champaign and Douglass over \$200,000, and the vote was to continue the work until all the low lands are restored and made tillable.

Brief Mention.

At Carmi, on Tuesday, Arthur Ledbedder was tilled by the accidental discharge of his gun. W. C. Mack, of Gridley, made an assignment on Tuesday. Liabilities, \$8,356; assets, about

John Walsh, driver in the Sandoval coal mine, fell under a train of loaded cars on Tuesday and was killed.

James Dignan, charged with robbing a Rock Island car, was held in \$1,000 bail for trial at

Morris, on Tuesday.

Alfred Mulleneaux was fatally injured near Alton, on Tuesday, by getting caught in some hoisting machinery in a mine. Frank Brown, Joseph Burkhurst and William Willis have been arrested at Tuscola, for incendiarism. A number of buildings have been

burned recently. Capt. Justus Harris, aged sixty-nine years, one of the watchmen in the State-house, Springfield, fell dead in the State-house grounds, on

Tuesday afternoon. Daniel Reahle, who a few days ago wrote a letter of 125 pages to Bismarck, the German Chancellor, asking him to come to Rockford and exterminate the Americans, was declared insane in that city on Tuesday.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

At a meeting of the Maine Republican State committee Joseph H. Manley was re-elected

chairman. The safe of French, Potter & Wilson, of Chicago, wholesaie dealers in china, was blown open by burgiars Tuesday night, and robbed of

\$300 in money and valuable papers. David Hennessy, twenty years old, of No. 583 Eleventh avenue, New York, shot and instantly killed Hugh O'Keefe, yesterday, in a saloon at is theventh avenue. Hennessy was arrested. The report that President Bartlett, of Dartmouth College, was going to California on account of ill health is incorrect. The president

is in perfect good health, but goes on Mrs. A number of copies of Zola's books, "La Terre" and "Nana," consigned to New York parties, were yesterday seized as obscene literature and therefore forfeitable. A quantity of obscene cigar-holders and finger-rings were also seized. The Boston registration of voters furnishes figures showing that 20,216 women out of the 25,000 who are assessed in that city have registered, and are qualified to vote for members of the school committee in the coming municipal

On Nov. 6 Anna Ellen Neal, aged nineteen, disappeared from her home in Cumminsville, near Cincinnati, and no trace could be found of her. Yesterday her dead body was found in a branch of Mill creek, where it is supposed she had drowned herself.

Alfred Wilder, a young man, was arrested at Olean, N. Y., on Tuesday, for making and passing counterfeit nickels. A fourteen-year-old girl, the wife of Louis Lane, of Oswego, Pa., was with him, she having run away from her husband with Wilder.

While the Hempstead Coursing Club was holding a meeting at Garden City, L. I., yesterday, two officers of the Society for the Preven-tion of Cruelty to Animals, of New York, arrested August Beimont, jr., W. Rutherford and F. O. Beach on a charge of unnecessary mutilation of rabbits.

The case of Eva Parker against the Rev. Mr. Brushingham, of Chicago, for illegitimate parentage, was stricken off the docket yesterday, Judge Jameson refusing to grant a continuance. The girl was not present, being detained in Minneapolis, it was said, by the sickness of her child.

Two gangs of Russian and Italian miners, between whom there has existed a bitter feud for months, met on the streets of Mount Carmel, Tenn., yesterday, and for an hour a bloody riot followed. Several on both sides were stabbed, and the injuries of Andrew Scheaercke, Anthony Sacke and John Carelo bave proved fatal. The authorities have arrested the rioters.

Business Embarrassments.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28 .- A local paper says that John Fairbanks, manger and practically sole proprietor of the Fairbanks & Palmer Publishing Company, which recently failed, left for parts unknown a week ago last Monday, and has not been seen since. It charges that, as treasarer of the building society of the National Union, he is \$7,000 short in his accounts, and that before his departure he raised between 5,000 and \$6,000 on accommodation checks. The Fairbanks & Palmer Publishing Company did a large business. It published "Gaskeli's Atlas of the World," "Gaskell's Compendium," "Gaskell's Guide," Bishop Fallows's two books, "Bright and Happy Hours" and "The Home Beyond;" Remlap's "Gospel Awakening." General Grant's books, Frank Gilbert's "History of the World," and a good portion of the Chatauqua list of books. The total indebtedness of the concern, it is said, is over \$60,000, with assets less than one-third of that amount. Fairbanks was a prominent member of Bishop Fallows's

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.-Isaac Schneiwind, wholesale dealer in boots and shoes at 10 Duane street, has confessed judgments for \$10,-943 and his store has been closed by the sheriff. The liabilities are reported from \$25,000 to \$50, 000. Mr. Schneiwind was in the retail business at LaPorte, Ind., for sixteen years, and came here in 1886.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 28 .- John Barns & Co., leaftobacco merchants at No. 105 West Front street, have assigned to D. Heinsheimer. The assents are estimated at \$13,000; liabilities, \$15,000.

Losses by Fire.

FREEPORT, Ill., Nov. 28 .- The Freeport Machine Company made an assignment yesterday. Liabilities, \$27,000; nominal assets, \$40,000. SPOONER, Wis., Nov. 28 .- The round-house of the Omaha road at this place burned last night. Seven engines were completely ruined. Loss, about \$60,000.

New York, Nov. 28.—Fire at No. 52 Lispen ard street, this afternoon, caused a panic among the sixty girls in the unholstery factory of Dreyfus Bros., on the top floor, but all escaped by way of the roof or were got out safely by the firemen. Dreyfus Bros. and George Wilkes, woolens, lose about \$5,000 each, and a number of other tenants lose smaller amounts.

His Cunning Failed, and He Took His Life. NEW YORK, Nov. 28.-Robert Albrecht, an aged German die-cutter, has of late had difficulty in making a living at his trade, owing to the loss of skill, which comes with age. Albrecht had always been proud of his honest record that he has always paid his way. The fact that he was likely to run in debt because of infirmity, preyed on his mind, and to-day he was found dead, having hanged himself to a bed post, after writing on the wall of his squalid room: "Two dollars and fifty cents I owe now for rent." Albrecht left a note giving his tools to a friend, who will sell them and pay the \$2.50.

A Miner's Shocking Fate.

HELENA, M. T., Nov. 28 .- H. J. Herrin, arrived here Monday from Lincoln Gulch, a point sixty miles from Helena, and brings a story of a ghastly discovery there last Friday. On that day Gus Lavalle and Chris Strauss, two miners, went up the guich to visit James Robinson, who had been missing for three weeks. The men found his skeleton lying in a bed in a cabin. It was concluded that as Robinson was known to be addicted to the use of opium, he had taken an overdose and died. Tracks of mountain lions showed that the wild beasts had discovered the unfortunates corpse and feasted themselves on human flesh, leaving nothing but the bare bones.

Federation and K. of L. Miners. PITTSBURG. Nov. 28.-The proposition for a union of Miners National District Assembly 135. K. of L., and the Federation of Miners has developed much bitter feeling. Messra. John Costello, of Pittsburg, Farrell, of Clearfield, and Slanigan, of Maryland, are openly in opposition to it. The majority of the miners' K. of L. executive board are, however, in favor of one organization. Joseph Maize left for Columbus to-night to further the unionists'

Bat Imbedded in Rock.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va. Nov. 28.-A living bat was found, a few days ago, imbedded in solid rock, near Romney, Two men, named Charles and Merritt Cordon, were quarrying rock on U. V. Hewit's place, when one of them broke a members of the Cerneau say that they have large stone, in the center of which, bermetically sealed and imbedded, they found a live bat

office at Romney, where the stone can now be seen. The bat was placed too close to a hot stove and died in a few hours. The whole it the center of the stone just fitted the bat. Reliable witnesses were present when the bat was

The Walking Match.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29 .- At 1 o'clock A. M., the walking match score was: Moore, 239: Herty. 332: Littlewood, 320; Howorth, 300; Cartwright, 315; Day, 300; Golden, 304; Mason, 294, Coppor, 283; Noremac, 288; Hart, 292; Campana, 263; Elson, 257; Vint. 262; Taylor, 253; W. Smith, 207 C. Smith, 111; Penel, 161.

Two A. M. score: Herty, 336 miles, 7 laps, Moore, 332-1; Littlewood, 326-2; Howorth, 303-7; Cartwright, 315; Day, 300; Golden, 305-2; Mason, 295-4; Campana, 264; Connor, 287-4; Noremac, 293-2; Hart, 296-4; Elson, 259-7 Vint, 251; Taylor, 256; W. Smith, 270-7; Peach, out; C. Smith, 111-1.

Steamship News.

LONDON, Nov. 28 .- Off Browhead: City of New York, from New York. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28. - Arrived: British Princess, from Liverpool.

BREMEN, Nov. 28 .- Arrived: America, from Baltimore.

New York, Nov. 28 .- Arrived: Ocean, from

Jay-Eye-See Likely to Recover. RACINE. Wis., Nov. 28 .- Jay-Eye-See, the gelding, will recover, and Ed Bither, his driver, states that he will live to lower his record. There is some fear among horsemen, however, that he will lose his eyesight, owing to the ex

freely of food. Marriage of Tragedian Downing. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 28 .-- Robert Downing, the tragedian, and Miss Eugenia Blair, his leading lady, were married, to-day, at the West Hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Mack were the only attendants, and beside the bride's mother, only members of the company were present.

cessive loss of blood. Hemorrhage was stopped

by compress, and the animal now partakes

BOGUS SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

The "Cerneaus" Make Trouble for the Regular Order in Kentucky. Louisville Courier-Journal.

A subject which has attracted a great deal of attention among the Masons of Louisville within the past year or so, but which was supposed to have been relegated to the shades by the recent action of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, has taken unto itself the attributes of Banquo's ghost in a measure, and insists upon appearing when least expected. The subject alluded that of what is cailed Cerneau Masonry, and tha rite which it works is that branch known as the Scottish Rite. The followers of Cerneau recently organized a State grand body in this city. under the title of the Grand Consistory of Kentucky, and the publication of that fact, together with some words calculated to raise a discussion, at least, created a mild sensation among the Freemasons, who seem to recognize in the act of organization a rebellion against the regularly-constituted authority of the order, the

Grand Ledge of Kentucky. In view of the fact that Past Grand Master J; Soule Smith, in his message to the Grand Lodge at its session in October, had characterized the Cerneau body as clandestine, which action war sustained by the Grand Lodge, and the further fact that, pending the passage of a resolution now before the Grand Lodge re-affirming the Grand Master's decision, that decision, backet by the approval of the Grand Lodge, would seem to be law for the time being, a reporter for she Courier-Journal questioned several prom

inent Masons as to the matter. One of the first gentlemen seen was Capt H. B. Grant, grand secretary of the Grand Lodge. After stating the object of his visit and indulging in a few remarks calculated to lead up to the subject, the reporter fired his first ball cartridge, thus:

"Had the Grand Lodge the right or authority to pass a resolution declaring what is known as 'Cerneau Masonry' unmasonic or clandestine?" Replied Captain Grant, after some deliberation: "The very first article of the Grand Lodge constitution says that it has the 'power to enact laws and regulations for the government of the craft,' and as this is such a law or regulation, I reckon the Grand Lodge has the power to enac! it. By the same article of the constitution the Grand Lodge has 'the inherent power to investigate all Masonic matters.' This appears to be a question as to what is or what is not Masonic, or, rather, whether Cerneauism is Masonry hence it is a Masonic matter, and if the Grand Lodge cannot determine such a question I am unable to tell you what power on earth can de it; as old King Solomon is not here to settle it." About this time Past Grand Master J. W. Hopper entered the room, and the same question was put to him, with much the same result. "The head of this branch of the Cerneau Rite," said he, has lately gotten himself into trouble by seeking recognition of the Grand Orient of France, a body with which every Grand Lodge in the United States has cut off communication. The funny thing about Mr. Ferdinand S. J. Gorgas, 'Soverign Grand Com-mander,' etc., is that in 1880, in a report to the Grand Lodge of Maryland, has recently censured the Grand Orient for admitting atheists, yet he went over there and sought recognition-not only that, but under false pretenses. He was proved to have exhibited a patent signed by Albert Pike, Soverign Grand Commander for the Scottish Rite, Southern jurisdiction, though he denied it, and the only recognition he was able to obtain was through that patent and some papers from the Grand Lodge of Maryland. The Grand Orient, you know, recognizes all these clandestine bodies-negroes and all. Communication was interdicted between it and grand

lodges in the United States as long as fifteen "What will be the effect of the formation of this Grand Consistory?" was asked. "Does it not seem as though the members of the Cerneau Rite have made themselves amenable to the

"It looks that way," said Mr. Hopper, and the reporter turned to Captain Grant and asked him if he considered the Cerneau bodies clandestine. "The late Grand Master Smith," said Captain Grant, "declared them to be 'irregular, illegal and unmasonic,' and the Grand Lodge approved that decision. Hence I am forced to conclude that we must accept it as their condition so far as Kentucky Masonry is concerned, whether we like it or not, and whether they were clandes.

tipe prior to that action or the reverse." "When was the Grand Consistory of the Scottish Rite organized in Kentucky?" "On the 21st day of August, 1852, by Albert G. Mackey, secretary general of the Southern jurisdiction. Its records are preserved in the body here, and three of its charter members still

live in this city." Mr. Frank Johnson eminent commander of Louisville Commandery, Knights Templars, had entered the room in the meantime, and was also questioned as to date of the organization, and as to the standing of the Cerneau bodies under the ruling of Past Grand Master Smith. Mr. Johnson's views were identical with those expressed by the other gentlemen. He further eaid: "There are three bodies working under the Cerneau authority. There is one in Ohio, which, in a report just received, charaterizes the Kentucky bodies as illegal, and does not speak well of them."

"Does it seem to you that the adherents of the Cerneau bodies have placed themselves in a pretty bad fix, Masonically, by their action?" "Well, it looks that way. No regular Mason is allowed to visit a clandestine lodge-all lodges are considered clandestine which are not regularly constituted—and no clandestine Mason can enter a regular lodge. If a regular Mason visits an interdicted body he lays himself liable to heavy penalty under a law which every Mason understands. The question is, are the Cerneaus clandestine?"

"And are they?" "Under the ruling of the Grand Lodge they must be so considered, it seems to me." "There are many good men in this Cerneau business," said another gentlemen, "and I believe they went into it because of its cheapness. In the Scottish Rite the thirty-two degrees cost considerably more than a hundred dollars, and the Cerneaus conferred those same degrees for \$15 dollars. I am not a betting man, but I would risk a little money on the proposition that every member-if he will tell you the truth-went in-

to it just for that reason. "They are," remarked Past Grand Master Hopper, "the same degrees conferred by the regular body; but no man can say whether they are or not, unless he belongs to both. I sm inclined to the opinion that the low figures for which they could be obtained was what caught them. Of course they thought little about them being illegal, as they undoubtedly are."

"Who is Gorgas!" "He is a professor in the University of Baltimore, and quite a prominent man in that city." There was further conversation on this sub ject, and the unanimous opinion seemed to be among the regular Masons that the Cerneau brethren were in a fair way to be disciplined by the regular authorities, though no steps have been taken, and may not be for some time. It is likely that there will be a pretty lively time among the Masons when the grand master takes it into his head to issue his edict on the subject. Gentlemen posted in Masonic law say they will be forced to give up the Cerneau business or be cut off from all other Masonic affiliations, which means that "Cerneauism" is not likely to live to a good old age in Kentucky. This is what the Kentucky Masons claim. On the other hand the just as good men in their ranks, and that their

order will not be bulldozed-that it has come &